Quiz Mandag 12. des. – **NAVN PÅ LAGET : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

1. **What would you use to view a list of available standard NTFS permissions?**

**Choose One!**

1. Control Panel
2. The Security tab
3. Windows Explorer
4. The Access Control List (ACL)
5. **How do shared folder permissions and NTFS permissions differ in terms of controlling access to resources? Choose One!**
6. Unlike shared folder permissions, NTFS permissions can be applied to only those files and folders that are not shared
7. Unlike NTFS permissions, shared folder permissions cannot be applied to folders created by a Domain user
8. Unlike NTFS permissions, shared folder permissions can only be assigned to individual users and not to groups
9. Unlike shared folder permissions, NTFS permissions can also be used to control access to resources that are stored on the computer where the user is physically logged on
10. **Which of the following are standard NTFS file permissions? (Choose all that apply)**
11. Read
12. List folder contents
13. Write
14. None of the above
15. **Which will be the effective permission when you assign both shared folder permission and NTFS permission to a folder? (Choose one)**
16. Both permissions assigned to the folder will be effective
17. The most restrictive of the two permissions would come into effect
18. The NTFS permission would override the shared folder permission
19. The shared folder permission would override the NTFS permission

**5 . What happens when you move a file or folder within a NTFS volume? (Choose one)**

1. The permissions assigned to the folder do not change
2. The permissions assigned to the folder may change, if the target folder has more restrictive permissions
3. The permissions assigned to the folder are changed to reflect the permissions of the target folder
4. All permissions assigned to the folder are disabled and need to be applied again

**6 . Which of the following permissions are commonly used to further regulate access to files and folders? (Choose all that apply)**

1. Delete all access permissions
2. Change permissions
3. Disable standard permissions
4. Take ownership permissions

**7 . What privileges are available to users who are granted Write Extended Attributes permissions? Choose one!**

1. They can read the extended attributes of files that are defined by programs
2. They can change the program-generated extended attributes associated with a file
3. They can delete files and folders
4. They can take the ownership of a file or folder

**8 . The Take Ownership permission can be assigned only by (Choose one) :**

1. An administrator
2. The owner of the object
3. A user with the Full Control permission for that object
4. All of the above

**9. What checks do you need to perform if a user added to a group is unable to access a folder? (Choose all that apply)**

1. Check that the user has closed all network connections to the computer where the folder is stored and made new connections
2. Check if the user account information is available in the Active Directory
3. Check the individual permissions set for the user to make sure that he has not been denied access to the folder
4. Check if the access permissions for the group have been updated by adding the Read permission to the group for the target folder

**10. What minimum rights must you have to move a NTFS object from one folder to another? (Choose all that apply)**

1. You must have Full control for the source file
2. You must have Write permission for the destination folder
3. You must have Full control for the destination folder
4. You must have Modify permission for the source file

**11. NTFS permissions can be configured for both files and folders.**

1. True
2. False

12 . **You cannot prevent the inheritance of permissions granted to the parent folder by an object within the parent folder.**

1. True
2. False

13**. If the allow or deny check box for a specific permission is grayed out, it indicates that this permission is inherited from the parent object.**

1. True
2. False

**14. A user with Full Control permission for a folder can delete a file in the folder even though they do not have permission to delete the individual file.**

a) True b) False